

**Double Taxation treaty relief**
**APPLICATION for relief at source from United Kingdom income tax and  
CLAIM to repayment of United Kingdom income tax**

For use by an **INDIVIDUAL** resident of a country with which the UK has a double taxation treaty that provides for relief from UK income tax on pensions, purchased annuities, interest or royalties arising in the UK.

(Specific forms are available for residents of certain countries from [www.gov.uk](http://www.gov.uk)).

Please

- use the **DT-Individual Notes** to help you fill in this form
- give all the details asked for in the form and sign the declaration in **Part F**
- see **note 4** in the **DT-Individual Notes** and if appropriate send the form to the taxation authorities of your country of residence

If you need more information

- visit our website [www.gov.uk](http://www.gov.uk) and look for **double taxation** in the search facility
- or phone us **+44 135 535 9022** if calling from outside the UK or **0300 200 3300** if calling from the UK
- or write to **HM Revenue & Customs, Pay As You Earn and Self Assessment, BX9 1AS**

**Part A Your personal details**

Mr, Mrs, Ms, Miss or other title \_\_\_\_\_

Full name \_\_\_\_\_

Full residential address \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Enter a **phone number** where we can contact you. This may help us deal with your completed form more quickly.

If you have a **tax adviser**, please give details. See DT-Individual Note 5.

Adviser's name \_\_\_\_\_

Adviser's address \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Phone number \_\_\_\_\_

Fax number \_\_\_\_\_

Reference/contact name (if any) \_\_\_\_\_

**Please give:** Your date of birth

Day	Month	Year
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Your nationality

Your tax reference number in your country of residence

**If you have at any time lived in the UK, please give:**

Your UK National Insurance Number

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and your **exact date of departure** from the UK.

Day	Month	Year
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If you have **never lived in the UK**, please '✓' here

**For use by the taxation authorities in the country of residence**

Please complete this part and add your official stamp. You may wish to take a copy of the form for your records.

If your procedure is to send the form direct to the UK taxation authority, the address to which to send it is

**HM Revenue & Customs, Pay As You Earn and Self Assessment, BX9 1AS.**

I certify that \_\_\_\_\_

is resident in \_\_\_\_\_ within the meaning of the double taxation treaty between the United Kingdom and this country

'✓' if appropriate

and subject to this country's tax on the income shown in this form

and subject to this country's tax on the income shown in this form by reference to the amount of £ \_\_\_\_\_ remitted to this country.

Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Official Stamp

**Part B.1 Please answer the following questions****1** In which country are you resident for tax purposes?*'✓' where appropriate***2** Have you always lived in that country?Yes No If **No**, on what date did you**a** begin to live there permanently?

Day Month Year

**b** become liable to pay tax there?\*

Day Month Year

\*If you are resident in **Cayman Islands, Qatar or Saudi Arabia** you do not need to answer question **b**. Please read Appendix 2 in the DT-Individual Notes and use the space in **Part B.2** of this form to give the information asked for.**3** Since you left the UK, have you (or if you are married or have formed a civil partnership your spouse or civil partner) continued to own or rent a property in the UK?Yes No If **Yes**, use the space in **Part B.2** to give the address of the property.

If the property is still owned by you but is let to someone else give details, including the expected annual income.

If the property is no longer available for your use give the reason (for example, sold or tenancy ended) and give the date on which it was last available for your use.

**4** How many days did you spend in the UK in this tax year and in the last three tax years?from 6<sup>th</sup> April to current date

Tax year to 5 April 20 \_\_\_\_ days

Tax year to 5 April 20 \_\_\_\_ days

Tax year to 5 April 20 \_\_\_\_ days

Tax year to 5 April 20 \_\_\_\_ days

**Now go to question 5.****5** Have you been not resident for tax purposes in the country you have shown in answer to question 1 in any one of that country's previous four tax years?Yes No If **Yes**, give full details in the space in **Part B.2**.**6** Are you engaged in any trade or business in the UK, or do you perform independent personal services from a fixed base situated in the UK?Yes No If **Yes**, give full details in the space in **Part B.2**.**7** Do you receive any special tax benefits in your country of residence which mean that you pay no tax (or a reduced amount of tax) there, on the UK income that you are including on this form?Yes No If **Yes**, give the following details in the space in **Part B.2**

- the benefits you receive, and
- the legislation in your country of residence that grants the benefits

**8** Do the tax authorities in your country of residence tax you only on the amount you remit to or receive there? If **Yes**, answer question **9**.Yes No

**9** Do you remit to your country of residence **all** of the income from the source(s) that you show in this form? Yes  No

If **No**, how much of the income, if any, do you remit? (If none, enter 'none')

£

### Part B.2 Additional information

Use the space below to give any further information that is asked for in the questions in **Part B.1** or in the DT-Individual Notes. In particular,

- if you are a resident of **Germany** see Appendix 1 to the DT-Individual Notes
- if you are a resident of **Cayman Islands, Qatar, or Saudi Arabia**, see Appendix 2 to the DT-Individual Notes

If there is not enough space here, attach a separate sheet.

## Part C Relief at source from UK income tax

- To apply for relief at source from UK income tax, please complete **Parts C.1, C.2, C.3 or C.4 as appropriate**
- Remember to tick box **1** in **Part F**
- If you are a resident of **Germany**, please see **Appendix 1** to the **DT-Individual Notes** before you fill in **Part C.1 or C.2**
- If you are a resident of the **Cayman Islands**, please see **Appendix 2** to the **DT-Individual Notes** before you fill in **Part C1 or C.2**

### C.1 UK State Pension or Incapacity Benefit

If you receive a UK State Pension or UK Incapacity Benefit, please '✓' and enter the date on which payments began.

UK State Pension  Date on which payments began

Day	Month	Year
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UK Incapacity Benefit  Date on which payments began

Day	Month	Year
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### C.2 Work pensions and purchased annuities

Please enter full details of your work pension(s) and/or any purchased annuities below.

Full description of the income and name and address of the UK payer	Payer's reference number	Date on which payments began

### C.3 Interest or income from debt-claims

Please do **not** show **bank** or **building society** interest or income from debt-claims here. HM Revenue & Customs cannot arrange for payment of bank or building society interest or income from debt-claims with no UK tax taken off. For repayment of tax already deducted, please use **Part D**.

Amount and full title of security	Name and address in which security is registered	Registrar's account number or reference	Payable date(s)

If you receive interest or income from debt-claims from privately arranged loans, please see the **DT-Individual Notes** about **Part C.3**.

### C.4 Royalties

- Answer the question below, then complete columns **(a)** to **(c)** as appropriate, giving the information requested
- For repayment of tax already deducted please use **Part D**

Are you the **originator** of the work or product that has been licensed to the UK? Yes  No   
 If **No**, please attach a copy of the licence, contract or assignment under which you acquired from the originator the rights sub-licensed to the UK payer.

#### For copyright royalties on literary, dramatic, musical or artistic works

- Enter in column **(a)** a full description of the royalties
- Enter in column **(b)** the date of the contract between you and the UK payer
- Enter in column **(c)** the **payer's** name and address  
 If payments are made **through** or **by** an agent in the UK, also enter the agent's name and address

#### For other royalties

- Enter in column **(a)** full description of the royalties
- Enter in column **(b)** the date of the **licence agreement** between you and the UK payer **and attach a copy of the licence agreement**
- Enter in column **(c)** the name and address of the UK payer of the royalties

Column (a)	Column (b)	Column (c)

## Part D UK income tax taken off payments already received

- If you have already received payments of income with UK income tax taken off, please give details below. Remember to tick box **2(a)** or **(b)** in **Part F** to claim repayment of the UK income tax due to you under the DT treaty
- Do not include in Part D any **pension or annuity** from which UK tax has been taken off under **PAYE** (Pay As You Earn), HM Revenue & Customs will arrange any refund due to you of tax taken off under PAYE
- If you claim repayment of tax on income from a trust or estate, see the **DT-Individual Notes**

Source of income <i>For example 'Copyright royalties paid by [name of payer]'</i>	Date of payment of income	Amount of income before UK tax £	Amount of UK tax taken off £
<b>Totals</b>			

## Part E Authority to make repayment to a nominee

Complete this part if you want us to make the repayment to a nominee. Otherwise the repayment will be made to you at the address you have shown in **Part A** of this form.

I authorise the person or organisation named below to receive the amount due on my behalf.

Name of person, bank or building society

Address of person, bank or building society

Postal code

Account number  UK sort code (if appropriate)

Account holder's name (This must be the same as the person entitled to the repayment)

Nominee's reference number (if there is one) for you

Signature \_\_\_\_\_ (Now also complete and sign the declaration in Part F below)

## Part F Declaration

- I am beneficially entitled to the income from the source(s) included in this form or otherwise meet the conditions for relief in the double taxation treaty between the UK and my country of residence
- The information I have given in this application/claim is correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief

*V ' as appropriate*

- 1** I apply for relief at source from UK income tax and undertake to tell HM Revenue & Customs if there is any change to the information that I have given in this form. See the DT-Individual Notes about **Part C**.

If you want to work out the amount repayable, see the DT-Individual Notes. Tick **2(a)** and write the amount in the box. If you want HM Revenue & Customs to work out the amount for you, tick **2(b)**.

- 2** I claim repayment of UK income tax and
- (a)** I have worked out that the amount repayable to me is £
- or*
- (b)** I want HM Revenue & Customs to work out the amount repayable to me.

Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

## DT-Individual Notes

### 1. Double taxation – being liable to pay tax in both countries

If you have income from one country and are resident in another, you may be liable to pay tax in **both** countries under their tax laws. To avoid 'double taxation' in this situation, the United Kingdom (UK) has negotiated Double Taxation (DT) treaties with a large number of countries. The precise conditions that will apply to your income from the UK can be found in the text of the treaty between the UK and your country of residence. The conditions vary from treaty to treaty.

HM Revenue & Customs publishes the Digest of Double Taxation Treaties (the **DT Digest**) which contains a summary of the relief available under each DT treaty. The Digest is available by going to [www.gov.uk](http://www.gov.uk) and entering **DT Digest** in the search facility.

### 2. Purpose of the form DT-Individual

Form **DT-Individual** enables you to apply under the DT treaty between the UK and your country of residence for relief at source from UK income tax on pensions, purchased annuities, royalties and interest paid from sources in the UK. The form also provides for a claim to repayment of UK tax where payments of the income have already been made to you with UK tax taken off.

'Country-specific' double taxation relief claim forms are available for residents of certain countries. Please see [www.gov.uk](http://www.gov.uk) for more information or contact HM Revenue & Customs – our phone number and address are in Note 6.

### 3. Tax vouchers

There is no need to send tax vouchers with your completed form DT-Individual, but you should keep them safe in case they are needed later to support your claim. If you have any doubt about how you have completed the form you can send vouchers if you think it will help us.

### 4. Evidence of residence and where to send the completed form

A condition for relief from UK income tax under a DT treaty is that you are **resident** in the country with which the UK has the DT treaty. For most countries, this means that the tax authority of your country of residence regard you as being resident there within the meaning of the DT treaty.

The terms of a few DT treaties also require that you must be 'subject to tax' (this usually means that you must actually pay tax on the income in question) in your country of residence before you can get relief from UK tax. The information in the **DT Digest** tells you if the DT treaty contains a 'subject to tax' condition.

To confirm your residence status within the meaning of the relevant DT treaty please follow the instructions at **a** or **b** below, as appropriate.

#### **a. If you are in the Cayman Islands, Qatar or Saudi Arabia**

See **Appendix 2** to these Notes and answer the relevant question or questions.

#### **b. If you are in any other country listed in the DT Digest where the DT-Individual is shown as being the form for claiming UK tax relief**

Send your completed form DT-Individual to the taxation authority of your country of residence. By doing this, you are consenting to the taxation authority certifying to HM Revenue & Customs that you are a resident of that country within the meaning of the DT treaty between the UK and that country.

The taxation authority will then either

- send the certified form direct to HM Revenue & Customs
- return the form to you to send to HM Revenue & Customs, at the address in **Note 6**

In some cases, the taxation authorities may not wish to stamp and sign the form DT-Individual. If so, please ask them to provide a separate 'stand alone' certificate to confirm that you are resident for tax purposes in that country within the meaning of the DT treaty with the UK.

### 5. Confidentiality

All the information that you provide to HM Revenue & Customs is confidential. We can therefore only discuss your tax affairs with you or any tax adviser named by you.

## 6. Help or further information

If, after using these Notes and the DT Digest you need help or more information, please

- phone HM Revenue & Customs: **+44 135 535 9022** if calling from outside the UK, or **0300 200 3300** if calling from the UK
- or write to **HM Revenue & Customs, Pay As You Earn and Self Assessment, BX9 1AS**

## 7. Completing the form DT-Individual

Use the following notes to help you complete **Parts A to F** of form DT-Individual. You may also find it useful to refer to the DT Digest. Please

- include on the form only the income on which you are claiming relief from UK tax under the provisions of the DT treaty between the UK and your country of residence
- give all the information requested and attach any supporting documents that are asked for. If you need to add anything, use the space in **Part B.2** of the form. If there is not enough room at **Part B2**, attach a separate sheet and write your name and your HM Revenue & Customs reference number on

### Part A: Personal details of claimant

Please give all the details asked for. If you have a tax adviser, please include the tax adviser's details.

### Part B: Questions

Answer the questions by ticking the boxes that apply to you. Give any additional information asked for.

If you are resident in **Cayman Islands, Qatar or Saudi Arabia**, do not answer question **2.b** and do not send the form to your local tax authorities. Please read the guidance in **Appendix 2** at the end of these notes.

**Note: please strike through all unused or partially completed sections.**

### Part C: Application for relief at source from UK income tax

As explained in these Notes, the UK's DT treaties with other countries may provide for

- no UK tax to be withheld from payments of **pensions and annuities**
- no UK tax to be withheld, or a reduced rate of UK tax to be withheld, from payments of **interest and royalties**

Give the details asked for in **Part C** to apply for relief at source from UK income tax on future payments of income. Relief at source may be available in cases where HM Revenue & Customs is able to exercise its discretion to issue a notice (under Statutory Instrument 1970 Number 488, as amended). We deal with each application on its merits. Where we cannot agree to allow relief at source or cannot arrange it, you can claim **repayment** of part or all of the UK tax taken off, as appropriate.

If relief at source is granted, please tell HM Revenue & Customs at the address in Note 6, without delay, if there is any subsequent change to the information you have given on the form DT-Individual.

### Part C.1: UK State Pension or Incapacity Benefit

#### UK State Pension

A State Pension is a UK National Insurance benefit and is taxable, but usually paid without deduction of tax. Exemption from UK tax under the pensions article of the DT treaty may be available, except where the article restricts relief to pensions which 'are paid in consideration of past employment'. If it does, you may be able to get exemption from UK tax under the 'other income' article if there is one. If there is no 'other income' article, you cannot claim exemption under the treaty from UK income tax on your State Pension.

See the 'notes' column of the **DT Digest** to find out if exemption from UK tax is available under the treaty with your country of residence. If it is, tick the 'UK State Pension' box in **Part C.1** of the form DT-Individual and give the date payments began.

#### Incapacity Benefit

Like the state retirement pension, Incapacity Benefit is taxable but is paid without deduction of tax. If you receive Incapacity Benefit you may be able to claim exemption from UK income tax under the DT treaty with your country of residence. See the 'notes' column of the **DT Digest** to find out if exemption from UK tax is available. If it is, tick the 'UK Incapacity Benefit' box in **Part C.1** of the form DT-Individual and give the date payments began.



## Part C.2: Work pensions and purchased annuities

Enter details in **Part C.2** if you receive a pension or purchased annuity from the UK. Most DT treaties provide for pensions and purchased annuities from the UK to be paid to a resident of the other country without UK tax taken off. The DT Digest gives information about whether relief from UK tax is available and if there are any special rules.

If the pension and/or annuity is taxed under the PAYE system, any adjustment will go back to the **latest** of the following:

- the date on which you became resident in your country of residence for the purpose of that country's tax
- the date payments of the income began
- the earliest UK tax year which remains in date for claiming repayment of UK income tax

It will help us to make the adjustment if you send with your form DT-Individual a photocopy of the latest **P60** that you have received from the payer of the pension.

### UK/Germany Double Taxation Convention and UK pensions and annuities paid from 6 April 2011

If you are a resident of Germany, please read **Appendix 1** to these Notes before you make a claim to relief from UK tax on your UK source pension or annuity.

### 'Government' pensions

Many, but not all, treaties have special rules that apply if the pension is paid for service to the UK government or a local authority. Under many treaties the UK will retain **primary** taxing rights over a 'government' pension. The DT Digest will help you to decide if relief from UK tax is available on your 'government' pension.

If these rules mean that your pension will be taxed in the UK, you may be able to claim UK personal allowances, provided that you satisfy certain conditions. If you have any questions or wish to make a claim, please contact HM Revenue & Customs at the address in Note 6.

## Part C.3: UK Interest or income from debt-claims

Depending on the terms of the DT treaty between the UK and your country of residence, interest or income from debt-claims may be taxed at a 'nil' rate or (for example) a rate of 10%. The rate is laid down in the text of the appropriate DT treaty. Some treaties do not provide any relief. You can find out what relief may be available by looking at the entry for your country of residence in the DT Digest.

### Interest or income from debt-claims from securities

If relief is available under the DT treaty, enter in **Part C3** of the form UK interest or income from debt-claims with UK tax taken off. This may include income from

- loan stocks that are **not quoted** on the Stock Exchange
- loan stocks issued by UK local authorities

We may be able to arrange for relief from UK tax at source on income from these stocks.

There is no need to show in **Part C3** of the form any interest or income from debt-claims from

- loan stocks that are **quoted** on the Stock Exchange (a quoted Eurobond)
- UK government securities ('gilts')

as these are paid without UK tax taken off.

### Interest and alternative finance receipts on bank and building society accounts

Some UK banks and building societies operate a scheme for payment of interest and alternative finance receipts without tax taken off to non-residents. Ask your UK bank or building society for information. **HM Revenue & Customs cannot arrange for payment of bank or building society interest or alternative finance receipts with no UK tax taken off.** Please do not enter bank or building society interest or alternative finance receipts in **Part C3**. If you have already received income with UK tax taken off, enter the details in **Part D** of the form to claim repayment of some or all the tax taken off.

### Other interest or income from debt-claims

If you receive interest or income from debt-claims from a loan that you have made to a UK resident individual or company privately, please

- attach a copy of the **loan agreement**
- use the space in **Part B.2** of the form to give the following details:
  - name and address of the UK payer of the income
  - date of the loan agreement
  - amount of the loan
  - due date(s) of the income

If there is not enough room at **Part B2**, attach a separate sheet. Include your name and your HM Revenue & Customs reference number with the details above.

## Part C.4: UK Royalties

Depending on the terms of the DT treaty between the UK and your country of residence, royalties may be taxed at a 'nil' rate or (for example) a rate of 10%. The rate is laid down in the text of the appropriate DT treaty. Some treaties do not provide for any relief for royalties. You can find out what relief may be available by looking at the entry for your country of residence in the DT Digest.

Many DT treaties allow relief only to the **beneficial owner** of the royalties. The beneficial owner is normally the originator of the work or product. But there are some treaties where subsection to tax on the income in the country of residence is the condition for relief from UK tax.

### Copyright royalties for literary, dramatic, musical or artistic works

If you are **not** the originator but have acquired the rights from someone else, please attach to the form DT-Individual a copy of the licence, contract or assignment under which you have acquired the UK rights. This will help HM Revenue & Customs to check that the beneficial ownership condition in the Double Taxation treaty is satisfied.

### Other royalties

Please attach to the form DT-Individual a copy of the licence agreement between **you** and the **UK payer** of the royalties. If you are **not** the originator of the product giving rise to the royalties but have acquired the rights, please also attach a copy of the licence, contract or assignment under which you have acquired the UK rights.

## Part D: Claim for repayment of UK income tax

As explained in these Notes, the UK's DT treaties with other countries may provide for either

- no UK tax to be withheld
- a reduced rate of UK tax to be withheld

from payments of **interest** or **royalties**. If you have received **interest** or **royalty** payments from which UK tax has been taken off, you may claim repayment of some of the UK tax. Please give the details asked for in **Part D**.

### Income from a trust or estate

If you receive payments from a trust or estate, write the name of the trust or estate in the **source of income** box in **Part D**.

If you have received a payment from a **discretionary trust**, write both the name of the trust and its UK tax reference number in the **source of income** box in **Part D**. Depending on the terms of the DT treaty between the UK and your country of residence HM Revenue & Customs will

- pay all of the amount shown as tax credit at the rate applicable to trusts in box 7.2 of the **Statement of income from trusts, R185 (Trust Income)**, given to you by the trustees
- 'look through' to the income received by the trustees and work out the repayment due to you, it is likely that you will only be entitled to some of the amount shown as tax credit at the rate applicable to trusts in box 7.2 of the **Statement of income from trusts, R185 (Trust Income)**, given to you by the trustees

## Part E: Payment to a nominee

You should only complete **Part E** if you want HM Revenue & Customs to make any repayment to a bank, building society, tax adviser or other person on your behalf. If you want the repayment to be credited to a bank or building society account, the account holder's name must be the same as the name of the person entitled to receive the repayment. We will send the repayment by post so you will need to give the full postal address and other details asked for on the form.

If you want repayment to be made to your tax adviser, please give the reference number (if any) that the tax adviser uses in correspondence with you.

You must also complete and sign the declaration at **Part F** if you sign the authorisation in **Part E**.

## Part F: Declaration

You must sign the form DT-Individual personally in **Part F**.

You may claim on behalf of

- an unmarried minor (someone under the age of 18)
- a mentally incapacitated person
- someone who has died

Claims should normally be made by

- a parent or guardian on behalf of an unmarried minor
- the person authorised by the courts to look after the affairs of a mentally incapacitated adult (or the DWP appointee)
- the executor or administrator of the estate of someone who has died (the claim will relate to income up to the date of death only)

Ask HM Revenue & Customs if you are in any doubt about whether you are the right person to make the claim. Remember that in these notes and in the form, references to 'you' and 'your' may equally apply to the person on whose behalf you are claiming.

### Working out for yourself the amount of tax repayable

- If you claim repayment and want to work out the amount due to you, the steps below show you how. Follow the appropriate steps, together with the information in the **DT Digest**
- If you do not wish to work out the repayment and do not enter an amount in **Part F.2(a)** of the form DT-Individual, HM Revenue & Customs will work out any repayment that is due to you
- If you receive income from a **discretionary trust**, do not complete these steps. Please see the **DT-Individual Notes** about **Part D**, which tell you about from a discretionary trust

**Step One:** Enter in box 1 the amount of income before UK tax and in box 2 the amount of UK tax taken off. Take these figures from the totals boxes in **Part D** of the form DT-Individual.

Income before tax		UK income tax	
1	£	2	£

**Step Two:** Using the **DT Digest**, find your **COUNTRY** of residence and the column for the source of income, **INTEREST** or **ROYALTIES**.

- If the entry shows 'Full relief', the full amount of UK tax taken off from the income is repayable to you
- But if the entry shows a percentage rate (for example, 10%) then follow **Steps Three and Four** to work out the amount repayable to you

**Step Three:** Calculate the appropriate percentage rate of the total amount of income (in box 1) and enter the result in box 3

3	£
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For example, the box 1 figure is £100.00 and the rate shown in the DT Digest is 10%. So, 10% of £100.00 = £10.00 in box 3.

**Step Four:** Deduct the amount in box 3 from the amount in box 2 and enter the result in box 4.

4	£
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**Step Five:** Finally, take the amount you have shown in box 4 and enter it on the form DT-Individual at **Part F.2(a)**. This is the amount of UK income tax repayable to you.

**NOTE:** If you claim repayment of UK income tax taken off from both interest and royalties, you will need to work out the amounts separately. Use the boxes above as a guide. Add together the tax repayable for the interest and for the royalties then enter the grand total in **Part F.2(a)** of form DT-Individual.

### Reclaiming the reduced rate of UK income tax withheld, where appropriate

The UK's DT treaty with your country of residence may provide for a reduced rate of UK income tax (for example 10%) to be withheld from payments of interest or income from debt-claims and/or royalties. The reduced rate, if there is one, is shown in the DT Digest, in the entry for your country of residence. You may be able to reclaim some or all of this UK income tax (the amount you have entered in box 3 above if you have worked out the repayment) if you are entitled to UK personal allowances. You are entitled to UK personal allowances if, for example, you are a national of a state within the European Economic Area (EEA). If you want further information about UK personal allowances and how to claim them, please contact HM Revenue & Customs. The address and phone number are in Note 6. Or see our website [www.gov.uk](http://www.gov.uk)

### Important note for residents of Germany

#### UK/Germany Double Taxation Convention – pension payments made after 5 April 2011

The current UK/Germany Double Taxation Convention ('the DTC'), took effect from 6 April 2011 for UK pensions and annuities taxed under the PAYE system. You can find the full text of the DTC by going to [www.gov.uk](http://www.gov.uk) and entering **Germany double taxation** in the search box.

The provisions outlined below apply to UK tax years from 2011-12 onward.

##### a) UK State Pension and Incapacity Benefit

Under Article 17(2) of the DTC the UK State Pension and UK Incapacity Benefit are taxable in the UK.

##### b) Other UK pensions and annuities (except UK government and local authority pensions – see note (c) below)

Relief from UK tax under Article 17(1) will only be available for pensions that do not exceed the limits on contributions in Article 17(3). These limits mean that a UK-source pension or annuity paid to a resident of Germany will remain **taxable in the UK** if the tax relieved pension contributions were made in the UK for **more than 15 years** – unless the relief on the contributions has been clawed back, or the contributions also got tax relief for more than 15 years in Germany.

If you think that your pension will qualify for relief from UK tax, (For example, if your UK tax-relieved pension contributions were made for 15 years or less), please:

- Complete the form DT-Individual in full
- Use the space in **Part B.2** of the form to explain in detail why you consider that relief from UK tax is available for your pension or annuity under Article 17 of the DTC. Attach a separate sheet if there is not enough space
- Follow the guidance in note 4 and send your completed form DT-Individual for certification by the taxation authority of Germany
- When the form has been certified send it to HM Revenue & Customs at the address in note 6

##### c) UK government and local authority pensions

Under Article 18(2) of the DTC, a UK government or local authority pension paid to a resident of Germany is **taxable in the UK**. If however the pension is paid to an individual who is both a resident **and national of Germany**, then relief from UK tax is available.

##### d) Pensions (including State Pension) and annuities that were in payment before 30 December 2010

If you are claiming relief now on a UK source pension or annuity which commenced **before 30 December 2010** you may elect to have the pension or annuity exempted from UK tax under the terms of Article 10 of the previous (1964) UK/Germany DTC, provided the pension is subject to tax in Germany (This does not apply to pensions paid out of public funds of the UK or the funds of a local authority).

If you wish to make an election, please:

- Complete the form DT-Individual in full, showing in **Part C.2** the date on which payments began
- Use the space in **Part B.2** of the form to confirm that you wish to claim relief from UK tax on your pension or annuity under the terms of the **previous UK/Germany DTC**
- Follow the guidance in note 4 and send your completed form DT-Individual for certification by the taxation authority of Germany

When the form has been certified send it to HM Revenue & Customs at the address in note 6.

## Appendix 2

Please read this Appendix if you are a resident of one of the following territories:

- **Cayman Islands** – see box **A**
- **Qatar** – see Box **B**
- **Saudi Arabia** – See Box **C**

The notes in the box tell you what information you need to provide to confirm that you are a resident of the territory within the meaning of the Double Taxation treaty. The text of the relevant DT treaty can be found by using the search at [www.legislation.gov.uk](http://www.legislation.gov.uk) to find the **Statutory Instrument**.

### Box A

#### **Cayman Islands: UK-source pensions**

Generally, UK source pensions are taxable in the UK. Full relief from UK tax is available **only** where the individual receiving the pension has been continuously a resident of the Cayman Islands

- for 6 years immediately before the commencement of the pension, or
- for 6 years immediately before the commencement of the employment to which the pension relates

Additionally, an individual who is tax resident in the Cayman Islands **and** in the UK is treated for the purposes of the Double Taxation Arrangement as a resident of the UK only.

Use the space in **Part B.2** of the form DT-Individual to answer the following three questions:

1. How does the law of the Cayman Islands recognise you as being a resident of the Cayman Islands?
2. For how many years, before the commencement of your UK source pension(s), were you continuously a resident of the Cayman Islands?
3. Are you **non-resident** in the UK for the purposes of UK income tax?

See Articles 4(1), 4(2), 7(2) and 8(2) of the UK/Cayman Islands Double Taxation Arrangement – Statutory Instrument 2010 Number 2973.

### Box B

#### **Qatar**

Use the space in **Part B.2** of the form DT-Individual to answer to the following question:

- Please explain why you consider that you are resident in Qatar, particularly in relation to your permanent home, and your personal and economic relations

See Article 4(1) of the UK/Qatar Double Taxation Convention – Statutory Instrument 2010 Number 241.

### Box C

#### **Saudi Arabia**

Use the space in **Part B.2** to answer the following question:

- Under the law of Saudi Arabia, are you recognised as resident in Saudi Arabia by reference to your domicile or residence there?

See Article 4(1) of the UK/Saudi Arabia Double Taxation Convention – Statutory Instrument 2008 number 1770.

## **Privacy and Data Protection**

HM Revenue & Customs is a Data Controller under the Data Protection Act. We hold information for the purposes specified in our notification to the Data Protection Commissioner, and may use this information for any of them. We may get information about you from others, or we may give information to them. If we do, it will only be as the law permits, to:

- check the accuracy of information
- prevent or detect crime
- protect public funds

We may check information we receive about you with what is already in our records. This can include information provided by you as well as by others such as other government departments and agencies and overseas tax authorities. We will not give information about you to anyone outside HM Revenue & Customs unless the law permits us to do so.